# אדר ב' ADAR II

	רף היומי			MARAPR. '16 – אדר ב' תשע"ו		
גיטין	פט צ	11 12	Fri. Sat.	ב' דר"ח אדר ב' פ' פקודי הפטרה ותשלם כל המלאכה	א ב	פרייטאג שבת
קדושין	חזיהדגת	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Sun. Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat.	Move Clock Ahead at 2 A.M. פי (יקרא, פרשה זכור	מחזוהדג	זונטאג מאנטאג דינסטאג מיטוואך דאנערש. פרייטאג שבת
	יט ניזיר איט	20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Sun. Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat.	הפשרה להיא אמר הי תענית אמתר פורדים בנעלה אמתר שורשן פררים מע מו	י ג' ג' ג' מטייג ג' מט	זונטאג מאנטאג דינסטאג מיטוואך דאנערש. פרייטאג שבת
	רק כים יים רק גי כים יים	27 28 29 30 31 1 2	Sun. Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat.	ישרו לגיאייי APRIL הפסה ויייד רבר הי	נהמיטיזי גרמי	זונטאג מאנטאג דינסטאג מיטוואך דאנערש. פרייטאג שבת
	כג כן כן כן כן כן כן כן	3 4 5 6 7 8	Sun. Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri.	יריכ קטן מוקרם, תקופת ניסן: בשעה 12:00 חצות היום ערב ר״ח	כם כו ה כז כו ה כו ה כז	זונטאג מאנטאג דינסטאג מיטוואך דאנערש. פרייטאג

9 מולד אדר ב': דינסטאג ביינאכט 31 מינוט מיט 15 חלקים נאך

# א' דראש חדש אדר ב' FIRST DAY ROSH CHODESH

THURSDAY, MAR. 10, 30 ADAR I

The usual service for Rosh Chodesh: יעלה ויבא יובא in Shemonah Esrei; Half-Hallel; Torah Reading; Mussaf for Rosh Chodesh, etc.

# ב' דראש חדש SECOND DAY ROSH CHODESH

FRIDAY, MAR. 11, 1 ADAR II We conduct services exactly as on the first day of *Rosh Chodesh*.

## שבת פרשת פקודי SHABBOS PARSHAS PEKUDEI

MAR. 12, 2 ADAR II The *Haftorah* is read from Kings I 7:51-8:21. Customary *Mincha*; three *Aliyahs* in *Parshas Vayikra*.

## שבת פרשת ויקרא SHABBOS PARSHAS VAYIKRA

פרשת זכור PARSHAS ZACHOR MAR. 19, 9 ADAR II We recite the regular *Shabbos* service יוצרות. We take out two *Sifrei Torah*; seven *Aliyahs* first from the weekly *Sidrah* — *Vayikra*; Half-*Kaddish*; The *Maftir* reads from *Parshas Ki Seitzei* (Deut. 25:17-19) from "זכור" until the end of the *Parsha*. It is a *Mitzvah* of the Torah to read *Parshas Zachor*. The *Haftorah* for *Parshas Zachor* is from Samuel I 15:2-34; we do not say "א-ל מלא".

#### MINCHA / מנחה

Three *Aliyahs* in *Parshas Tzav*. We say צדקתך צדק.

## תענית אסתר TAANIS ESTHER

#### WEDNESDAY MORNING MAR. 23, 13 ADAR II

Public Fast Day. (It is not a Scriptural obligation as are the other four public fast days, look at *Shulchon Aruch siman* 656).

#### שחרית / SHACHRIS

The Chazzan says גואל between גואל אבינו מלכנו (דפאנו Selichos; רפאנו אבינו מלכנו (דפאני); Tachanun; Half-Kaddish; Torah Reading for fast days — 3 Aliyahs in "יויחל" (Parshas Ki Sisah: (32:11-14, 34:1-10); Half-Kaddish.

ובא לציון ;למנצח ;אשרי ;יהללו; *Kaddish Tiskabel; עלינו*; Psalm of the Day; Mourner's *Kaddish*. אשרי; Half-Kaddish; we take out a Sefer Torah and read "ויחל" as in the morning. No Half-Kaddish after the Torah is read; the third Aliyah is the Maftir. The Haftorah "דרשר" Isaiah: 55:6-56:8 (until "דרשר") is the usual one for the afternoons of Public Fasts; Brachos after the Haftorah until "חללו ; "הללו ; "הגן דור") Half-Kaddish; Shemonah Esrei including יהללו נינו ענו איל between שים שלום ; "שמע קולנו" woung the Chazzan's Repetition, the Chazzan says שים שלום נואל wea שלום ברכת כהנים ; רפאנו מלכנו אות (No אבינו מלכנו on) Kaddish Tiskabel; vdiu ; dourner's Kaddish.

Before *Mincha* everyone should give three half-dollar coins to *Tzedakah*. This money is in commemoration of the Half *Shekel* (מחצית השקל) that was given at this time of year to the *Beis HaMikdash* for the purchase of new animal offerings, beginning with the coming month of *Nisan*. (One should remember that the obligation of *"מחצית* השקל", as well as those of *Matanos LaEvyonim* on *Purim*, and *Maos Chitim* before *Pesach* can all be fulfilled through donations to **Ezras Torah**.)

(Today, 13 *Adar*, is the *Yahrzeit* of **HaGaon HaRav Moshe ben HaGaon HaRav Dovid Feinstein**, التلا<sup>س</sup>ر, who served as Honorary President of **Ezras Torah** for many years.)

## פורים

## PURIM

#### WEDNESDAY NIGHT, MAR. 23, 14 ADAR II

#### MAARIV / מעריב

Shemonah Esrei with ועל הנסים. If one forgot to say ועל הנסים, and first recalled his omission only after he had already said the Shem of the Bracha that follows it, he does not begin the Shemonah Esrei again (the same holds true for ועל in the Blessing after Meals [Birkas Hamazon]). After Shemonah Esrei, Kaddish Tiskabel. The person who will read the *Megillah* for the entire congregation folds it like a letter, being careful that he does not damage any of the letters in the Megillah. The reader recites the following three Brachos on behalf of the entire congregation: "שעשה נסים", על מקרא מגילה", and "שהחיינו".

[Rav Henkin noted that the Reading of the Megillah, both at night as well as in the morning, is an obligation incumbent upon every man and woman. Therefore, the reader must have a powerful voice that can be heard by everyone. He must read very precisely, without swallowing any words or even letters. For if anyone misses hearing even one word, he does not fulfill his obligation. Because of the noise that is made after the mention of Haman, many people do not hear the words, and thus fail to perform a Biblical (מרברי קבלה) commandment. Those who initiated this custom of making noise at the mention of Haman's name, had the pure intentions of performing the Mitzvah in a superior fashion. But, today the interest is only in wanton levity and unruly conduct that is always prohibited. The Sefardim have a custom of making noise only at the mention of Haman during the singing of Shoshanas Yaakov, after the Reading of the Megillah is already over. This is a fitting custom that should be universally adopted. However, during the reading of the Megillah, we should tolerate no noise-making.]

After the reading and rewinding of the Megillah, the Reader makes the Bracha "אשר הניא" and "אשר הניא" and "שושנת יעקב" followed by "שושנת יעקב" and Kaddish Tiskabel without יתקבל; אעינו ; Mourner's Kaddish.

A mourner during *Shiva* who does not have a *Minyan* in his own home should go to *Shul* for the *Megillah* Reading.

When we arrive home we make somewhat of a festive meal, eaten on a nicely set table with candles lit.

The final time for the sanctification of the New Moon of *Adar* II is the entire night following Tuesday, March 22, (13 *Adar II*).

## THURSDAY MORNING, MAR. 24 אחרית / SHACHRIS

ועל הנסים in Shemonah Esrei; in the

*Chazzan's* Repetition, we say special *Piyutim* known as the *Krovetz L'Purim;* no Tachanun; no א-ל ארך אפים and no יהי רצון after Torah Reading, Half-Kaddish; we take out a Sefer Torah from the Aron HaKodesh; three Aliyahs in Parshas Beshalach ("ויבא עמלק" till the end of the Parsha) Exodus יהללו (We return יהללו: 17:8-16; Half-*Kaddish* the Sefer Torah to the Aron HaKodesh; we read the Megillah; before beginning the Megillah, the Reader makes the three Brachos: "שעשה נסים", "על מקרא מגילה" and "שהחיינו" (it should be announced that as the Bracha "שהחיינו" is made we should intend that it also applies to Mishloach Manos, Matonos LaEvyonim and the Seudas Purim [all of these Mitzvohs must be performed during the daytime]). One may not remove his Tefillin until after the Megillah is read, rewound, and the remainder of Shachris completed. After the Megillah is read, the Reader makes the Bracha "הרב את ריבנו". We say שושנת". ובא לציון״ ״אשרי הניא״ (no "ובא לציון; יאשר וובא (no למנצח): Kaddish Tiskabel: עלינו: Psalm of the Dav: Mourner's Kaddish. (If one did not yet give his "מחצית השקל", he should do so now.)

One should be very generous in his distribution of his "Gifts to the Poor." One should give to a minimum of two poor people presents of money or of food and drink. In fulfilling his obligation of "Sending Portions to his Friend," one should do this *Mitzvah* with food that may be eaten without further preparation, and with portions that reflect well on both the giver and the recipient.

One should not send "Mishloach Manos" to a mourner during his year of mourning. If the mourner is a poor man, one may send him money. A mourner is obligated to send "Mishloach Manos" to a friend. (If one lives in a town where the only other Jew is a mourner, he may send him foods that are not of a joyful nature, e.g., plain vegetables).

Fasting and eulogizing are prohibited on *Purim* and *Shushan Purim*.

"It is better for a person to emphasize giving "Gifts to the Poor" in a generous and magnanimous fashion, rather than to emphasize the "Sending of Portions" or his own lavish *Seudas Purim* for there is no greater or more praiseworthy form of celebration than that of celebrating in a manner that gladdens the hearts of the needy, the widowed, the orphaned, and the friendless stranger."

One who gladdens the heart of the unfortunate is compared to the Divine Presence, as it is said (Isaiah: 57:15), 'to revive the spirit of the downtrodden, and to restore the heart of the broken.'" (Rambam in *Laws of the Megillah*).

The Seudas Purim must be before sunset. We say ועל הנסים in Birkas Hamazon

even if the meal is completed after dark. We begin to inquire about and expound upon the laws of *Pesach* thirty days before, beginning on *Purim* itself.

**מנחה** / MINCHA ועל הנסים in Shemonah Esrei.

## שושן פורים SHUSHAN PURIM

FRIDAY, MAR. 25, 15 ADAR II No *Tachanun and* no למנצח; we should rejoice somewhat on this day, too.

## שבת פרשת צו SHABBOS PARSHAS TZAV

MAR. 26, 16 ADAR II The *Haftorah* is read from Jeremiah 7:21-8:3 and 9:22-23.

#### MINCHA / מנחה

Three *Aliyahs* in *Parshas Shemini*. We say צדקתך צרק.

## שבת פרשת שמיני SHABBOS PARSHAS SHEMINI

פרשת פרה PARSHAS PARAH APR. 2, 23 ADAR II

שחרית / SHACHRIS Usual *Shabbos* service; ווצרות; we take out two *Sifrei Torah;* in the first, we have seven *Aliyahs* in the weekly *Sidrah, Parshas Shemini;* in the second *Sefer Torah* the *Maftir* reads *Parshas Parah* in *Chukas* (Numbers 19:1-22). (Some maintain that the obligation to read *Parshas Parah* is mandated by the Torah.) The *Haftorah* of *Parshas Parah* is read from Ezekiel 36:16-38. We bless the month of *Nisan*. We do not say "אב הרחמים" אב ה.

#### אוסף / MUSSAF

Shemonah Esrei of Mussaf for Shabbos.

### MINCHA / מנחה

Three *Aliyahs* in *Parshas Tazria*. We say צדקתך צרק.

#### THURSDAY, APR. 7, 28 ADAR II (Those who observe *Yom Kippur Koton* do so today.) We say *Tachanun* at *Mincha*.